

#### **Data sheet**

# VZL valve - 2/3/4-way

# Description



VZL valves provide a high quality, cost effective solution for the control of hot and/or chilled water for fan coil units, small reheaters, and recoolers in temperature control systems.

The valves are used in combination with:

- AMV(E) 130(H)/140(H) ABNM A5 with extension plug;
- AMV(E) 13 (SU) and TWA-ZL actuators.

#### Note:

 $TWA\hbox{-}ZL\ thermal\ actuator\ does\ not\ close\ port\ B.$ 

In case that stem extension plug is not used together with AMV(E) 130(H)/140(H) dead zone in valve close position will occur.

#### Main data:

- DN 15, 20
- k<sub>vs</sub> 0.25-3.5 m<sup>3</sup>/h
- PN 16
- Temperature:
  - Circ. water / glycolic water up to 50 %: 2 ... 120  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Reduced  $k_{VS}$  on B port (VZL 3 & VZL 4 only)
- Linear characteristic
- Linear bypass on 3 and 4 port valves
- Valves are supplied with screwed plastic cover for manual operation
- Connections: flat end or conex
- Water quality acc. to VDI 2035 requirements

# Ordering

#### 2-way valve VZL 2

Picture	<b>DN</b> (mm)	<b>k</b> <sub>vs</sub> (m³/h)	max. Δp (bar)	Code Flat End	e No. Conex
		0.25	2.5	065Z2070	065Z2040
		0.4	2.5	065Z2071	065Z2041
	15	0.63	2.5	065Z2072	065Z2042
		1.0	2.0	065Z2073	065Z2043
		1.6	2.0	065Z2074	065Z2044
	20	2.5	1.0	065Z2075	065Z2045
	20	3.5	1.0	065Z2076	065Z2046

# 3-way valve VZL 3

Picture	<b>DN</b> (mm)	<b>k</b> <sub>vs</sub> (A - AB) m <sup>3</sup> /	<b>k</b> <sub>vs</sub> (B - AB)	max. Δp (bar)	<b>Code No.</b> Flat End
		0.25	0.25	2.5	065Z2080
	15	0.4	0.25	2.5	065Z2081
		0.63	0.40	2.5	065Z2082
		1.0	0.63	2.0	065Z2083
		1.6	1.0	2.0	065Z2084
	20	2.5	1.6	1.0	065Z2085
		3.5	2.5	1.0	065Z2086



# **Ordering** (continued)

# 4-way valve **VZL 4**

D' et e	DN	k <sub>vs</sub> (A - AB)	k <sub>vs</sub> (B - AB)	max. Δp	Code No.		
Picture	(mm)	m	³/h	(bar)	Flat End	Conex	
		0.25	0.25	2.5	065Z2090	065Z2060	
		0.4	0.25	2.5	065Z2091	065Z2061	
	15	0.63	0.4	2.5	065Z2092	065Z2062	
		1.0	0.63	2.0	065Z2093	065Z2063	
		1.6	1.0	2.0	065Z2094	065Z2064	
	20	2.5	1.6	1.0	065Z2095	065Z2065	
		3.5	2.5	1.0	065Z2096	065Z2066	

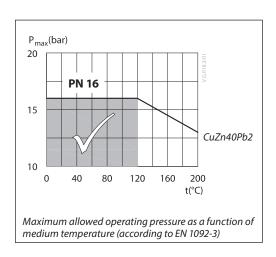
#### **Accessories**

Туре	Pipe size	DN	Description	Code No.		
Tailpieces with	R 3/8"	15	Consist of 2 union nuts,	065Z7015		
external thread	R 1/2"	20	2 tailpieces and 2 gaskets (Ms 58)	003H6902		
Tailpieces for	12 mm	15	Consist of 2 union nuts, 2 solder bushes	065Z7016		
soldering	15 mm	20	and 2 gaskets (Ms 58)	065Z7017		
Stuffing box						
Spindle extension ad	Spindle extension adapter, 2 mm (5 pieces)					

# **Technical data**

Control characteristic		Linear		
Control range		min. 30:1		
Laska as lasa alasa dualus		$A - AB \le 0.05 \% \text{ of } k_{vs}$		
Leakage loss, closed valve		$B - AB \le 1 \% \text{ of } k_{vs}$		
Medium		Circulation water / Glycolic water up to 50 %		
Medium temperature	°C	2 120		
Max. operating pressure	bar	16		
Stroke	mm	2.8		
Connection		External thread (flat connection (MS 58) or conex)		
Materials				
Body		Brass CuZn40Pb2		
Seat cone and steam		Brass CuZn39Pb3		
Stuffing box		EPDM		

# Pressure temperature diagram



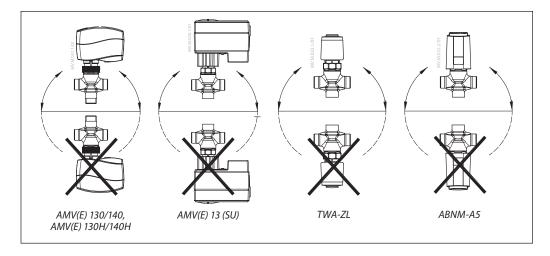
# Disposal

The valve must be dismantled and the elements sorted into various material groups before disposal.

2 | VD.LH.P1.02 © Danfoss | 2018.08



# Installation



#### Valve mounting

Before valve mounting the pipes have to be cleaned and free from abrasion. Valve must be mounted according to flow direction as indicated on valve body. Mechanical loads of the valve body caused by the pipes are not allowed. Valve should be free of vibrations as well.

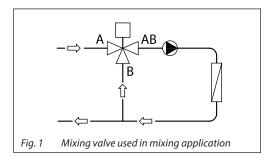
Installation of the valve with the actuator is allowed in horizontal position or upwards. Installation downwards is not allowed.

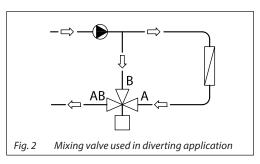
# Application schemes for 3-way and 4-way mixing valves

3-way and 4-way valves are mixing valves meaning that A and B ports are inlet ports, and AB port is outlet port (fig. 1). In case valve should be used as diverting valve it is a solution to install valve in return pipe (fig. 2).

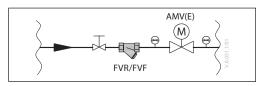


To prevent damages, starting max.  $\Delta p$  must not exceed 1 bar for DN 20 and 2/2.5 bar for DN 15, when installing the valve.





Note: Install a strainer upstream of the valve (e.g. Danfoss FVR/FVF)



# Danfoss

Sizing

#### **Example**

#### Design data:

Flow rate: 0.3 m<sup>3</sup>/h System pressure drop: 20 kPa

Locate the horizontal line representing a flow rate of  $0.3 \, m^3/h$  (line A). The valve authority is given by the equation:

$$Valve \ authority, N = \frac{\Delta P_1}{\Delta P_1 + \Delta P_2}$$

#### Where:

 $\Delta P1$  = pressure drop across the fully open valve,  $\Delta P2$  = pressure drop across the rest of the circuit with a fully open valve

The ideal valve would give a pressure drop equal to the system pressure drop (i.e. an authority of 0.5):

If 
$$\Delta P1 = \Delta P2$$
,

$$N = \frac{\Delta P_1}{\Delta P_1 + \Delta P_2} = 0.5$$

In this example an authority of 0.5 would be given by a valve having a pressure drop of 20 kPa at that flow rate (point B).

The intersection of line A with a vertical line drawn from B lies between two diagonal lines; this means that no ideally-sized valve is available. The intersection of line A with the diagonal lines gives the pressure drops stated by real, rather than ideal, valves. In this case, a valve with  $k_{\rm vs}$  0.63 would give a pressure drop of 25 kPa (point C):

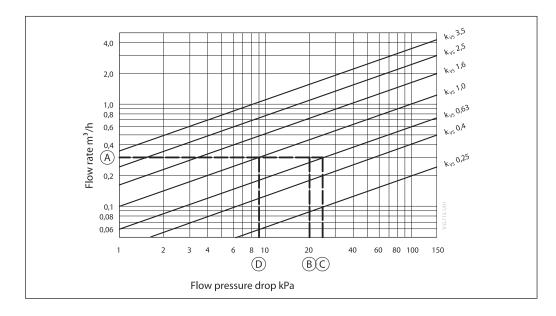
hence valve authority = 
$$\frac{25}{25+20}$$
 = 0.56

The second-largerst valve, with  $k_{vs}$  1, would give a pressure drop of 9 kPa (point D):

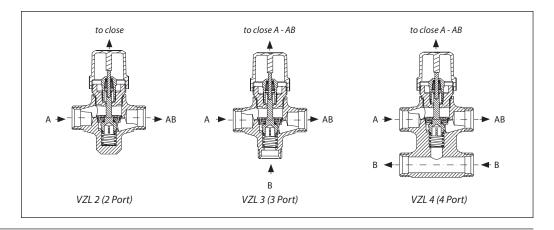
hence valve authority = 
$$\frac{9}{9+20}$$
 = 0.31

Generally, for a 3 port application, the smaller valve would be selected (resulting in a valve authority higher than 0.5, and therefore improved controllability). However, this will increase the total pressure and should be checked by the system designer for compatibility with available pump head, etc.

The ideal authority is 0.5 with a preferred range of between 0.4 and 0.7.

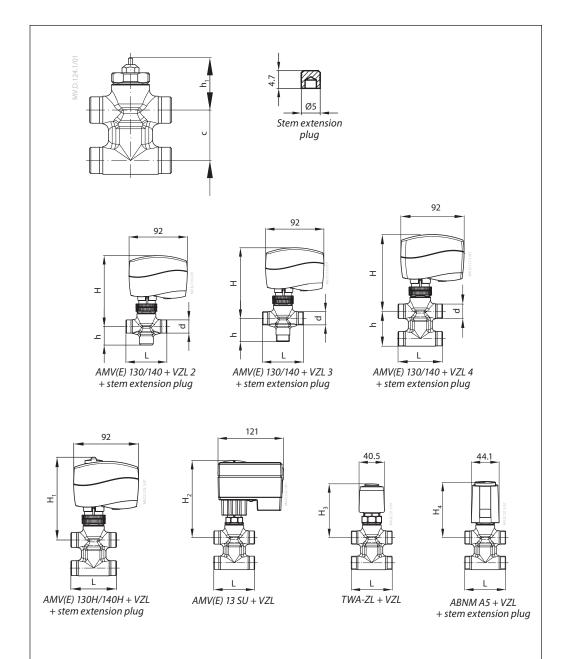


# Design





# **Dimensions**



Valve type	d	L	Н	H,	H <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>	H <sub>4</sub>	С	h	h,	Valve weight	
valve type	u		mm							(kg)		
VZL 2 DN 15	G ½"	65	111	117	140	88	93.5		29.5	29.5		0.27
VZL 2 DN 20*	G ¾"	77	117	123	146	94	99.5		34.0		0.47	
VZL 3 DN 15	G ½"	65	111	117	140	88	93.5	-	35.0	47.5	0.28	
VZL 3 DN 20	G ¾"	77	117	123	146	94	99.5		35.0	47.5	0.40	
VZL 4 DN 15	G ½"	65	111	117	140	88	93.5	40	51.0		0.39	
VZL 4 DN 20*	G ¾″	77	117	123	146	94	99.5	50	65.0		0.59	

<sup>\*</sup> conex valves DN 20 - G  $1\frac{1}{8}$ " 14 TPI

# Tailpieces for soldering

G	Ød	L	Weight
9	m	m	(kg)
1/2"	12	15	0.11
3/4"	15	20	0.17



# Tailpieces with external thread

G	<b>R</b> (")	L (mm)	Weight (kg)
1/2"	3/8	23	0.11
3/4"	1/2	26	0.17





6 | VD.LH.P1.02 © Danfoss | 2018.08



Data sheet VZL valve

#### Danfoss A/S

Heating Segment ● heating.danfoss.com ● +45 7488 2222 ● E-Mail: heating@danfoss.com

Danfoss can accept no responsibility for possible errors in catalogues, brochures and other printed material. Danfoss reserves the right to alter its products without notice. This also applies to products already on order provided that such alterations can be made without subsequential changes being necessary in specifications already agreed.

All trademarks in this material are property of the respective companies. Danfoss and all Danfoss logotypes are trademarks of Danfoss A/S. All rights reserved.