

HID® Aero™ X100

Reader Interface

Install Guide

Up to 4 Readers, 7 Inputs, 4 Outputs



X100A (Variant B)

Supplied parts

- HID Aero X100 Reader Interface (1)
- Installation guide (1)
- Mounting screws (4) 0.138" × 1" (3.5 mm × 25 mm)
- 1K Ohm 1% 0.25W Resistors (14)

Recommended parts (not supplied)

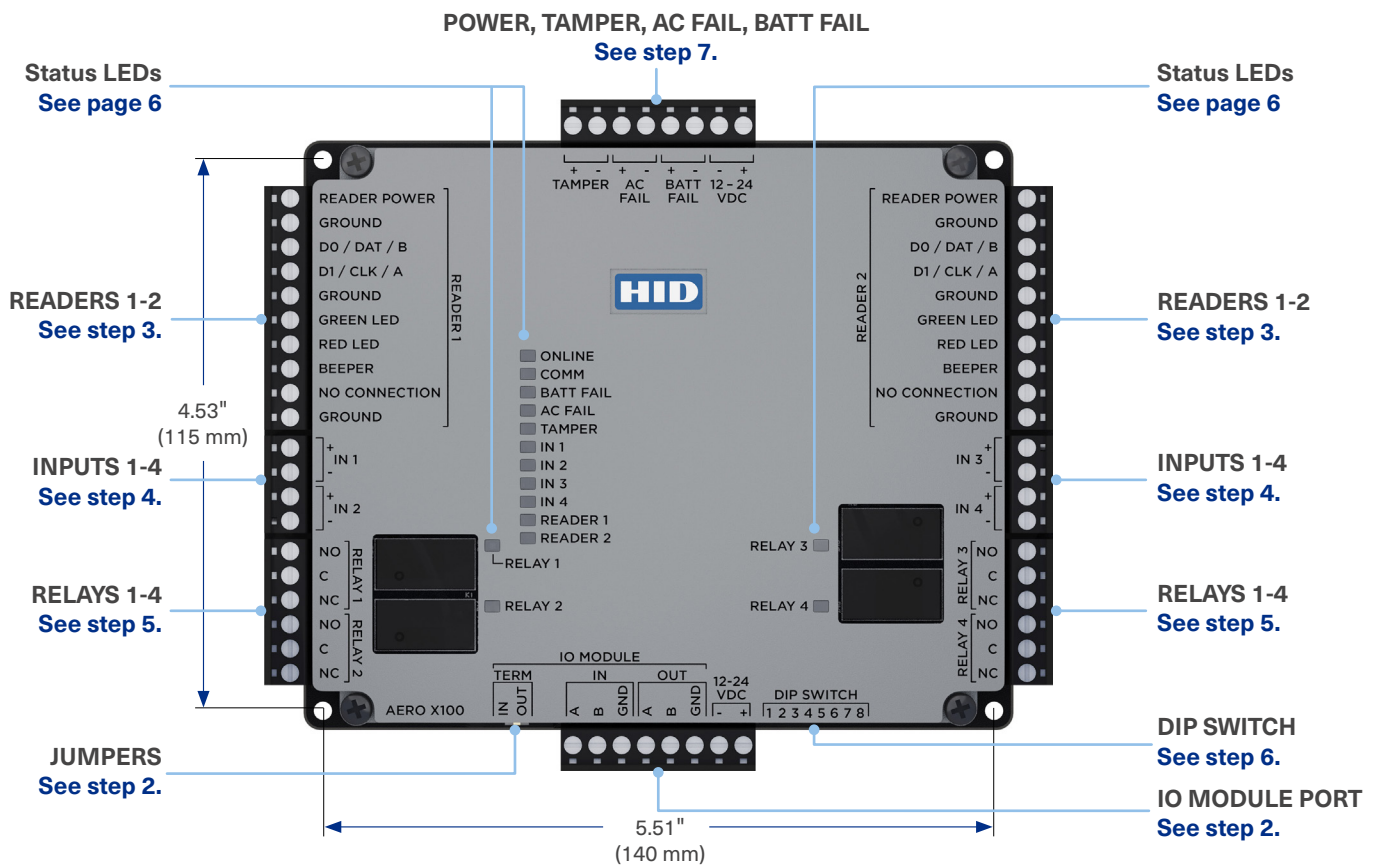
- Certified DC power supply
- Drill with various bits for mounting hardware
- For DIN rail mounting: Brackets (2) - Phoenix Contact, USA 10 Series Rail Adapter, part number 1201578. Screws (4) - Self tapping, countersunk, 3.0 mm × 10 mm (or 3.0 mm × 8 mm)

Cable requirements (not supplied)

Readers-OSDP	4 conductor twisted pair over-all shield, Belden 3107A or equivalent. 2000 ft (610 m) maximum. Utilize one pair for data and one pair for power
Readers-Wiegand/ C&D	4-conductor, 18 AWG, shielded, 500 ft (150 m) maximum
IO Modules	One twisted pair, shielded. 120Ω impedance, 24 AWG, 4,000 ft (1,219 m) maximum
Alarm inputs	One twisted pair, 30Ω maximum, typically 22 AWG, 1000 ft (304.8 m)
Power and relays	2-conductor shielded 18 to 16 AWG, 500 ft (150 m)

X100 Overview

The X100 has two reader ports, four relays, seven inputs, and one RS-485 port for IO module connection.



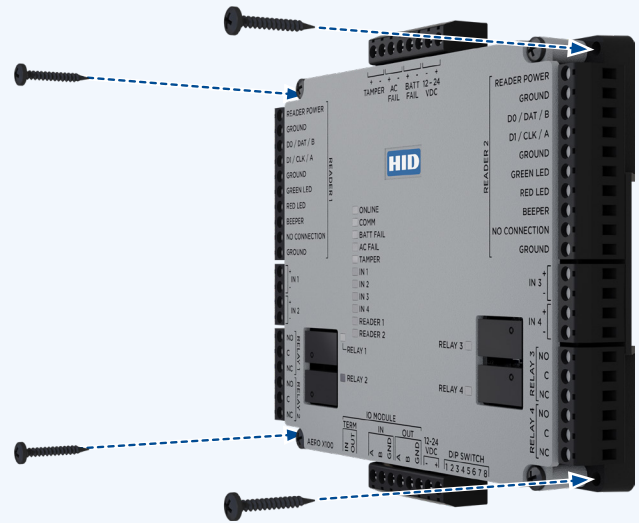
1. Mounting the X100



ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling
ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICES

- Always mount the controllers and interface panels in a secure area.
- Mount using the supplied screws 0.138" x 1" (3.5 mm x 25 mm).
- Alternatively mount on a DIN rail using compatible DIN rail mounting brackets and screws.
See Recommended parts (not supplied).
- **Note:** The side terminal connectors must be removed to fit the mounting brackets.



2. Communication wiring

Connect the X100B to the Aero X1100 intelligent controller using IO Module ports (2-wire RS-485).

Use 1-twisted pair, shielded cable, 120Ω impedance, 24 AWG, 4,000 ft. (1,219 m) maximum.

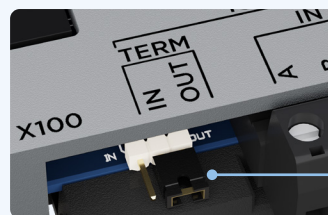
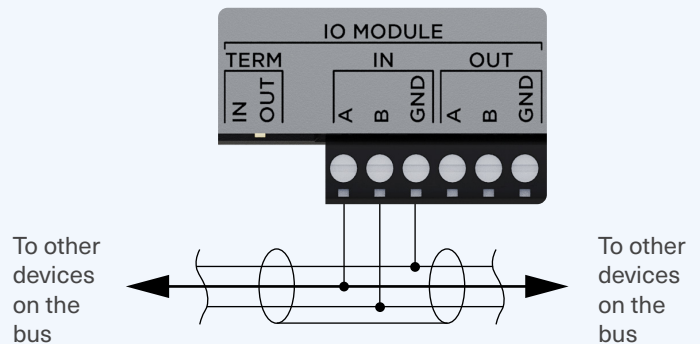
Note: Both IN and OUT terminals on the IO MODULE are the same port and are internally connected.

Setting the termination jumpers

Install RS-485 termination jumpers on the interface boards at each end of the communication bus only. Failure to do so will compromise the proper operation of the communication channel.

Jumper	Description
IN	Install only on the first and last unit on the communication bus.
OUT	Install only if not the first or last unit on the communication bus.

IO MODULE IN or IO MODULE OUT



RS-485
termination jumper

3. Connecting readers

- OSDP (RS-485) signaling requires two 2-conductor cables. One cable for power (18 AWG) and one cable for communication (24 AWG, shielded, twisted pair).
- Wiegand or Clock/Data (TTL) signaling requires a 4-conductor cable (18 AWG, shielded) with additional optional conductors for LED and beeper control.

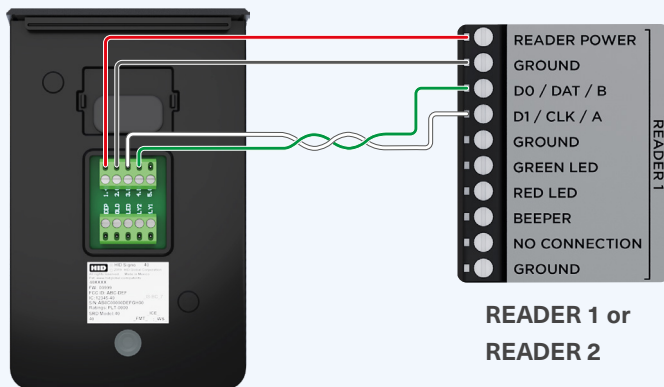
CAUTION

Readers that require different voltage or have high current requirements should be powered separately. Refer to the reader manufacture specifications for cabling requirements.

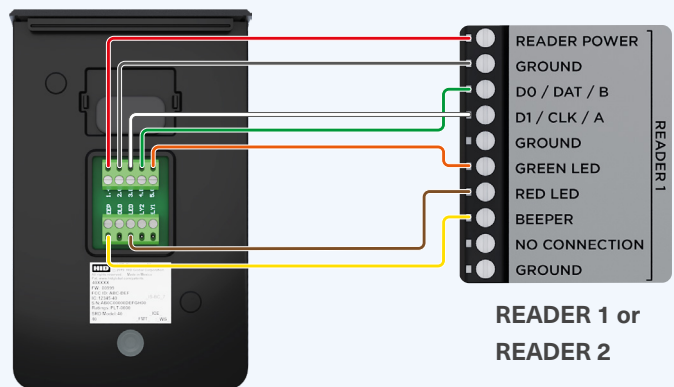
Note: For OSDP cable lengths greater than 200 ft (61 m) or EMF interference, install 120Ω +/- 2Ω resistor across RS-485 termination ends.

Note: Data 0 and Data 1 wires for Wiegand may be reused for OSDP. However, standard Wiegand cable may not meet RS-485 twisted pair recommendations. The reuse of cable works best on shorter cable lengths at lower data rates.

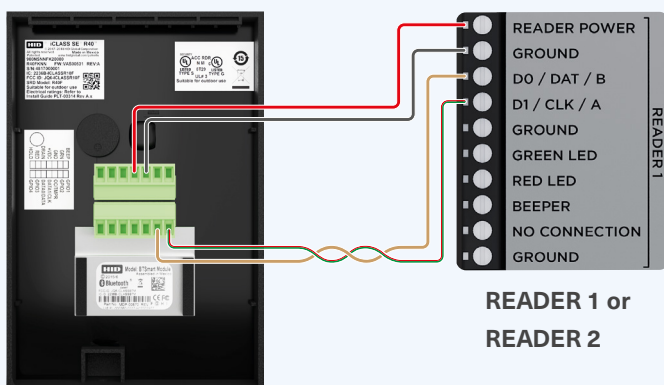
**HID Signo™ reader
(OSDP installation)**



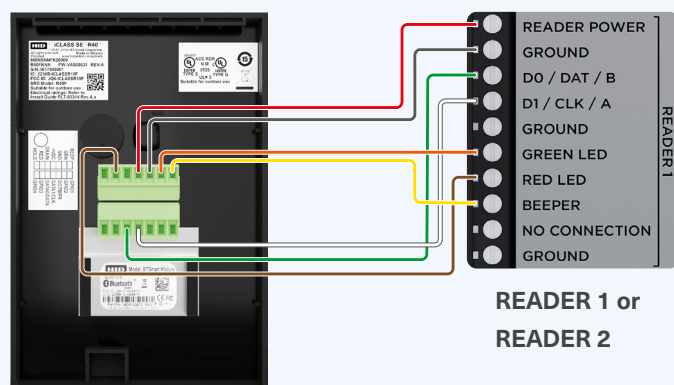
**HID Signo reader
(Wiegand or Clock/Data installation)**



**Typical reader
(OSDP installation)**



**Typical reader
(Wiegand or Clock/Data installation)**



4. Input circuit wiring

Inputs are typically used for the following:

- To monitor door position.
- Request to exit.
- Alarm contacts.

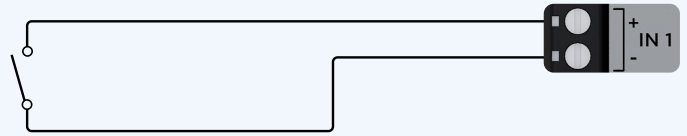
Input **IN 1** to **IN 4** circuits can be configured as unsupervised or supervised and can use normally open or normally closed contacts.

For a supervised circuit, add two 1K Ω , 1% resistors as close to the sensor as possible.

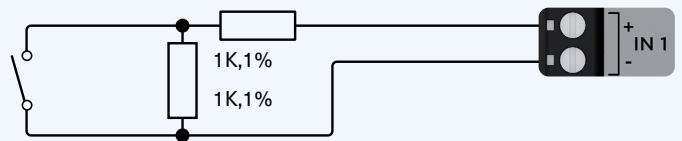
Custom end of line (EOL) resistances may be configured via the host software.

Note: The input circuit wiring configurations shown are supported but may not be typical.

Unsupervised circuit IN 1 to IN 4



Supervised circuit IN 1 to IN 4



5. Relay circuit wiring

Four relays are provided for controlling door lock mechanisms or alarm signaling.

When controlling the delivery of power to the door strike, the **NO** (Normally Open) and **C** (Common) poles are typically used.

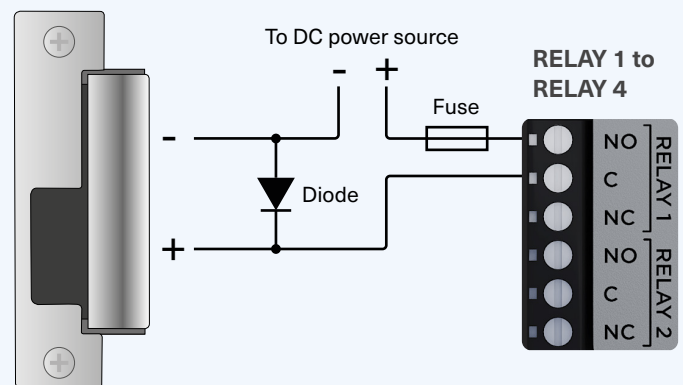
When momentarily removing power to unlock the door, as with a mag lock, the **NC** (Normally Closed) and **C** (Common) poles are typically used.

Check with local building codes for proper egress door installation.

CAUTION

Door lock mechanisms can generate feedback to the relay circuit. This can cause damage and premature failure of the relay, affecting the operation of the X100. Use a diode to protect the relay. Use a wire of sufficient gauge to avoid voltage loss.

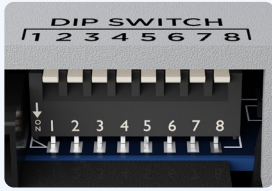
DC Strike



Diode selection:

- Diode current rating: 1x strike current.
- Diode breakdown voltage: 4x strike voltage.
- For 12 VDC or 24 VDC strike, diode 1N4002 (100V/1A) typical.

6. DIP switch configuration



Switches 1 through 5 select the device address. Switches 6 and 7 select the communication baud rate. Switch 8 is not in use.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Selection
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF				Address 0
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF				Address 1
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF				Address 2
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF				Address 3
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF				Address 4
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF				Address 5
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF				Address 6
ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF				Address 7
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF				Address 8
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF				Address 9
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF				Address 10
ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF				Address 11
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF				Address 12
ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF				Address 13
OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF				Address 14
ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF				Address 15
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON				Address 16
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON				Address 17
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON				Address 18
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON				Address 19
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON				Address 20
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON				Address 21
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON				Address 22
ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON				Address 23
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON				Address 24
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON				Address 25
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON				Address 26
ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON				Address 27
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON				Address 28
ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON				Address 29
OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON				Address 30
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON				Address 31
					OFF	OFF		115,200 BPS
					ON	ON		38,400 BPS
					OFF	ON		19,200 BPS
					ON	OFF		9,600 BPS

7. Input power, cabinet tamper, and UPS fault input wiring

The X100 requires 12-24 VDC power. Connect power with minimum of 18 AWG wire.

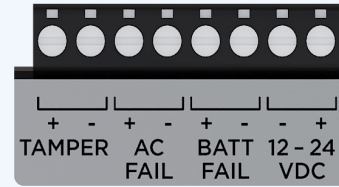
Grounding and Bonding: The DC ground or return wire must be bonded to the Earth Ground of the building, during installation.

Connect the power ground to earth ground in only ONE LOCATION within the system. Multiple earth ground connections may cause ground loop problems and is not advised.

Observe POLARITY on 12-24 VDC input.

Connect the **AC FAIL** and **BATT FAIL** inputs to the corresponding contacts provided on the power supply. Connect the **TAMPER** input to a tamper switch on the enclosure.

TAMPER, AC FAIL, and **BATT FAIL** connections are identical to inputs **IN 1** to **IN 4** and can be configured as unsupervised or supervised. See [step 4. Input circuit wiring](#).



Status LEDs

LED	Power on self-test	Normal operation
ONLINE	ON then OFF	Heartbeat and Online status. Offline = 1 sec rate, 20% ON. Online encrypted comm .1 sec ON, .1 sec OFF, .1 sec ON, .1 sec OFF, .1 sec ON, .1 sec OFF, .1 sec ON, .3 sec OFF. Waiting for application download .1 sec ON, .1 sec OFF.
COMM	ON then OFF	RS-485 Comm status. Indicates communication activity on the SIO communication port.
BATT FAIL	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
AC FAIL	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
TAMPER	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
IN 1	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
IN 2	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
IN 3	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
IN 4	ON then OFF	OFF = Inactive, ON = Active, Flash = Fault.*
READER 1	ON then OFF	Wiegand or C&D mode = Flashes when data is received, either input. OSDP mode = Flashes when transmitting data.
READER 2	ON then OFF	Wiegand or C&D mode = Flashes when data is received, either input. OSDP mode = Flashes when transmitting data.
RELAY 1	OFF	ON = Energized
RELAY 2	OFF	ON = Energized
RELAY 3	OFF	ON = Energized
RELAY 4	OFF	ON = Energized

*If this input is defined, every three seconds the LED is pulsed to its opposite state for 0.1 seconds, otherwise, the LED is OFF.

Specifications

Input voltage	12 to 24 VDC ±10%
Maximum input current	1.5 A (340 mA excluding readers)
IO module	2-wire RS-485, 2,400 to 115,200 bps, asynchronous, half-duplex, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, and 1 stop bit
Inputs	Seven unsupervised/supervised, standard EOL: 1k/1kΩ, 1%, ¼ watt (Includes TAMPER, AC FAIL, and BATT FAIL inputs) UL evaluation for access control use only
Output relays	Four Form-C relays contact rating: 5 A (Max) @ 30 VDC (Max) resistive
PERIPHERALS	
Supervised inputs	0-5 VDC ± 10%
Tamper Input	0-5 VDC ± 10%
AC-Fail Input	0-5 VDC ± 10%
Batt-Low Input	0-5 VDC ± 10%
RS485 Interfaces	-7 V to 12 V
Relays	0-30 VDC 5 A
READER INTERFACE	
Power	12 VDC ±10%, 300 mA maximum each reader
Wiegand Outputs	0-12 VDC ± 10%, 40mA open collector
Wiegand Inputs	0-5 VDC ± 10%
Data inputs	TTL compatible, or 2-wire RS-485
OSDP (RS-485) mode	9,600 to 230,400 bps, asynchronous, half-duplex, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, and 1 stop bit. Maximum cable length: 2000 ft. (609.6 m)
LED output	Open collector, 12 VDC open circuit maximum, 40 mA sink maximum
Beeper output	
ENVIRONMENTAL	
Operating temperature	32 to 158°F (0 to +70°C)
Storage temperature	-67 to 185°F (-55 to +85°C)
Humidity	5 to 85% RHNC
Usage	Indoor only
MECHANICAL	
Dimensions	6.46" × 5.51" × 1.02" (164 mm × 140 mm × 26 mm)
Weight	342 g

These specifications are subject to change without notice.

Regulatory

UL Recognized Component (UL 294 & CAN/ULC 60839-11-1)

All National and local Electrical codes apply.

Suitable for use in a ULC-60839-11-1: Grade 2 system. This equipment is intended for indoor use only, powered by a limited power source of a UL294 Certified Power Supply.

This product is not intended for outside wiring as covered by Article 800 in the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70.

Wiring methods shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA70), CSA 22.1, Canadian Electrical Code (CEC), Part I, Safety Standard for Electrical Installations, local codes and the authorities having jurisdiction.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The system shall not be installed in the fail-secure mode unless permitted by the local authority having jurisdiction and shall not interfere with the operation of Listed panic hardware.

UL 294 Performance Level

Model #	Access control line security level	Destructive attack level	Endurance level	Stand-by power level	Conditions
X100	Level I	Level I	Level IV	Level I	

US-FCC:

Class A Digital Devices FCC Compliance Statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

Taiwan-BSMI Class A Notice

警告使用者：
這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，伊用者會被要求採取某些適當的耐策。

Japan

この装置は、クラスA機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。VCCI - A

Your HID product is marked to indicate its compliance class:

- Federal Communications Commission (FCC) – USA
- Industry Canada Equipment Standard for Digital Equipment (ICES-003) – Canada
- CE Mark – Europe
- RCM Mark – New Zealand and Australia
- Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI) – Japan
- Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) – Taiwan
- Infocomm Development Authority (IDA) – Singapore
- Korea Communications Commission (KCC) – Korea
- UL Recognized Component (UL294)

Singapore

Complies with
IMDA Standards
DB106440

